September 7, 2016

The Honorable John Thune  The Honorable Bill Nelson
Chairman, Committee on Commerce, Science, Ranking Member, Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation
and Transportation  United States Senate
United States Senate
Washington, DC  20510  Washington, DC  20510

The Honorable Bill Shuster  The Honorable Pete DeFazio
Chairman, Committee on Transportation and Ranking Member, Committee on
Infrastructure  Transportation and Infrastructure
United States House of Representatives  United States House of Representatives
Washington, DC  20515  Washington, DC  20515

Dear Chairman Thune, Ranking Member Nelson, Chairman Shuster, and Ranking Member DeFazio:

The undersigned groups are writing to you on behalf of the Rail Customer Coalition (RCC) to express our strong support for competitive switching. Competitive switching is among the most important potential reforms to outdated and excessively restrictive regulations that prevent competition among railroads. The RCC is a large collection of trade associations representing a broad range of manufacturing, agricultural, and energy industries that depend on the railroads to deliver reliable and affordable service in order to remain competitive in a global market.

Last year, the RCC worked closely with Congress to pass common-sense reforms to help make the Surface Transportation Board (STB) a more viable and effective intermediary between railroads and their customers when rate and service issues exist. There is widespread recognition in Congress and among virtually all rail customers that modernization of current STB rules is badly needed, and the Board has taken the first step to allow for competitive switching. The RCC also urges the Board to move forward quickly with a viable alternative to the overly time-consuming and expensive “Stand Alone Cost” rate case process and other essential reforms.

The Board’s competitive switching proposed rule would allow rail customers with no competitive rail service or other modal options to request to have their freight moved to a nearby rail line, for a fee, if another Class I railroad is reasonably accessible. Competitive switching is expressly allowed by statute, but it has never been permitted by the STB because of overly restrictive regulations at the Board. The RCC recognizes that the Notice of Proposed Rulemaking provides a starting point for reform. We support the principles underlying the proposed rule and will work with the Board to develop an appropriate final rule.

Notably, the U.S. Department of Agriculture told the Board, “Competitive Switching offers a market based solution to balance the needs of the railroads and shippers and is in keeping with the goals of the Staggers Act.”
Competitive switching is not a threat or untested theory; competitive switching has been available for decades in Canada, and it works well. As stated by the Canadian Pacific Railway, railroads that operate under Canada’s competitive switching system are “the two most efficient carriers in the industry today, demonstrating that a low-cost, service-focused carrier can increase revenues, operate efficiently, and reinvest in infrastructure in a competitive environment.” The notion that an improved competitive environment will damage the fundamental economics of the U.S. freight rail system is simply unfounded and runs counter to basic free market principles.

The RCC looks forward to continuing to work with Congress and the STB to modernize freight rail policy and create more competitive freight rail service.

Agricultural Retailers Association
Alliance for Rail Competition
Alliance of Automobile Manufacturers
American Chemistry Council
American Farm Bureau Federation
American Forest & Paper Association
American Fuel & Petrochemical Manufacturers
American Malting Barley Association, Inc.
Associated Industries of Massachusetts
Association of Global Automakers
Chemical Industry Council of Delaware
Chemical Industry Council of Illinois
Chemistry Council of New Jersey
The Chlorine Institute
The Fertilizer Institute
Georgia Chemistry Council
Glass Packaging Institute
Glass Producers Transportation Council
Idaho Grain Producers Association

Institute of Makers of Explosives

Institute of Scrap Recycling Industries, Inc.

International Warehouse Logistics Association

Louisiana Chemical Association

Manufacture Alabama

Massachusetts Chemistry & Technology Alliance, Inc.

Michigan Agri-Business Association

Michigan Bean Shippers Association

Michigan Chemistry Council

Michigan Forest Products Council

National Association of Chemical Distributors

National Barley Growers Association

National Corn Growers Association

National Farmers Union

National Industrial Transportation League

Nebraska Wheat Board

New York State Chemistry Council

North Dakota Grain Dealers Association

Ohio Chemistry Technology Council

Pennsylvania Chemical Industry Council

Resilient Floor Covering Institute

Society of Chemical Manufacturers and Affiliates
South Carolina Manufacturers Alliance
Steel Manufacturers Association
The Sulphur Institute
Texas Chemical Council
The Vinyl Institute
Washington Grain Commission
West Virginia Manufacturers Association